

India-Africa Digital Partnership

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India-Africa Digital Partnership: A New Era of Cooperation

Context

Africa Day, celebrated on **May 25**, marks the founding of the Organisation of African Unity in 1963 and reflects the continent's aspirations for unity, development, and peace. India has been a consistent partner in Africa's development journey, contributing significantly in areas such as infrastructure, education, renewable energy, and now, digital transformation.

India's Key Contributions to Africa's Development

- State-led Financing: India has extended over US\$ 13 billion in concessional loans and grants to African countries between 2010 and 2024.
- **Lines of Credit**: India is the **second-largest** provider of credit to Africa, after China, supporting infrastructure and development projects.
- Capacity-Building Initiatives:
 - Several Indian educational institutions have signed MoUs to train African human resources.
 - IIT Madras launched its first overseas campus in Zanzibar, a milestone in educational diplomacy.
- Trade and Market Access:
 - India offers duty-free and preferential market access under the **Duty-Free Tariff Preference (DFTP) Scheme** to Least Developed Countries (LDCs).
 - India is Africa's third-largest trading partner, with bilateral trade touching US\$
 82.1 billion.

- Renewable Energy Cooperation:
 - Through the **International Solar Alliance**, India committed **US\$ 2 billion** to solar projects across Africa, promoting energy security and sustainable electrification.

India's Digital Approach to Africa

- Alignment with AU's Strategy: India supports the African Union Digital Transformation Strategy (2020-2030), ensuring coherence with continental goals.
- Pan-African e-Network:
 - Launched by India, this satellite-based platform enhances access to tele-medicine, tele-education, and digital connectivity.
- Open-Source Digital Public Goods:
 - India promotes its digital platforms as **open-source**, **inclusive**, **and affordable**, enabling African countries to build sovereign and adaptable systems.
- Digital Financial Inclusion:
 - India contributed US\$ 2 million to the Africa Digital Financial Inclusion Facility (ADFI) to support access to digital financial tools for underserved populations.

Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI) and its Impact on Africa

- Global DPI Support:
 - Initiatives like the One Future Alliance (OFA), launched during India's G20
 Presidency, aim to assist developing nations with funding and technical support for DPI implementation.
- Sharing DPI Innovations:
 - India has been exporting its DPI models—Aadhaar (digital ID), UPI (digital

payments), **CoWIN (health platform)**, and **DIKSHA (education platform)**—to African nations.

• Collaborations with African Nations:

- In **2023**, **Zambia** signed an MoU with the Centre for Digital Public Infrastructure at IIIT-B to advance its **Smart Zambia Initiative**.
- **Togo** adopted India-inspired **MOSIP** (**Modular Open-Source Identity Platform**) for its national ID system.
- In 2024, the Bank of Namibia signed a pact with the National Payments
 Corporation of India (NPCI) to develop a UPI-like digital payment system.

What Lies Ahead?

India and Africa are now poised to build a **new digital compact** grounded in **mutual respect**, **codevelopment**, and **sustainable institutional partnerships**. This model can offer a scalable framework for advancing **digital inclusion**, governance, and economic growth across the African continent.

