

# **International Big Cat Alliance**

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# International Big Cat Alliance: India's Global Leadership in Wildlife Conservation

#### **Context:**

India has officially been designated as the **Headquarters and Secretariat** of the *International Big Cat Alliance (IBCA)*, following a recent agreement signed between the Central Government and IBCA. This development strengthens India's leadership in global wildlife conservation efforts.

# About International Big Cat Alliance (IBCA)

- IBCA is an international coalition of 96 countries including both big cat range countries and non-range countries — committed to the conservation of seven big cat species and their habitats.
- The concept of IBCA was first proposed by India's Prime Minister in 2019 and was officially launched on April 9, 2023, marking the 50th anniversary of Project Tiger.

# **Objectives of IBCA**

To combat **illegal wildlife trade** involving the seven big cats.

• To strengthen the **protection and conservation** of big cat habitats.

• To mobilize financial and technical resources for conservation activities.

• To build international cooperation on conservation practices, research, and policy exchange.

#### **Focus Species**

IBCA concentrates on the conservation of the following seven species: Tiger, Lion, Leopard, Snow Leopard, Puma, Jaguar, and Cheetah.

Among these, five species are found in India: Tiger, Lion, Leopard, Snow Leopard, and Cheetah.

#### **Institutional Framework**

- Depository Authority: Ministry of External Affairs (MEA), Government of India.
- Membership: Open to all United Nations member states. Initial members include: CIV CIOS C
  - Republic of India
  - Republic of Nicaragua
  - Kingdom of Eswatini
  - Federal Republic of Somalia
  - Republic of Liberia
- Partner Organizations: Nine global organizations are associated as IBCA partners.

#### Governance Structure

- The alliance functions through:
  - An Assembly of Members
  - A Standing Committee
  - A Secretariat (hosted by India)

- The structure is modeled on the International Solar Alliance (ISA) framework.
- The Director-General (DG) is appointed by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change (MoEFCC).

#### **Need for IBCA**

- Big cat populations face sharp decline due to:
  - Habitat loss
  - Poaching and illegal wildlife trade
  - Human-wildlife conflict
  - Climate change
- A coordinated **global conservation effort** is essential to reverse these trends and stabilize their populations.

## **Financial Commitment**

• India has committed ₹150 crore (2023-2028) to support IBCA operations.

Additional funding is being explored via bilateral, multilateral, and donor agency partnerships.

## **Role in Global Conservation**

- Collaborative Platform: Brings together governments, researchers, conservationists, and policymakers.
- Knowledge Sharing: Promotes the exchange of expertise in anti-poaching, habitat management, and ecological restoration.

- Funding Support: Functions as a **pooled global funding mechanism** for conservation projects.
- **Capacity Building:** Offers **technical guidance and scientific research support** to underresourced nations.
- Strengthening Global Treaties: Complements existing agreements like:
  - **CITES** (Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species)
  - **CMS** (Convention on Migratory Species)

#### **Ecological Significance**

- Big cats are **apex predators**, and their conservation ensures:
  - Biodiversity preservation
  - Ecosystem stability
  - Climate resilience
- IBCA-backed conservation of forests and grasslands aids in:

#### • Carbon sequestration

Climate adaptation

## National Tiger Conservation Authority (NTCA)

- Established: 2005, following Tiger Task Force recommendations.
- Granted statutory authority under Section 38L, Wildlife (Protection) Amendment Act, 2006.

• Ensures:

• Central accountability in **tiger reserve management**.

• Support for **local livelihoods** around protected areas.

#### **India's Conservation Initiatives for Big Cats**

- **Project Tiger** (1973) Flagship tiger conservation program.
- Asiatic Lion Conservation Project Focused on Gir's unique lion population.
- Project Snow Leopard Protects the high-altitude snow leopard habitat.
- Project Cheetah Aims at reintroducing and conserving cheetahs in India.

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- Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 Legislative backbone for wildlife conservation.
- National Board for Wildlife (NBWL) Apex advisory body for wildlife protection.

