

# **Delimitation Debate**

Posted at: 27/02/2025

## **Delimitation Debate: Balancing Representation in India**

**Context:** 

- **Delimitation** refers to the **redrawing of parliamentary and assembly constituencies** to ensure fair representation based on population changes.
- Southern states like Tamil Nadu and Kerala fear a loss of political influence due to their slower population growth compared to the North.
- Union Home Minister Amit Shah assured that southern states would not lose parliamentary seats despite concerns.
- The issue highlights the challenge of balancing demographic changes with equitable representation.

#### What is Delimitation and Why is it Important?

- Mandated by Article 82, which requires seat reallocation after every Census.
- Article 81 limits Lok Sabha seats to 550 (530 for states, 20 for Union Territories).
- Ensures equal weightage of votes across regions by maintaining a similar population size per constituency.
- Prevents overrepresentation and underrepresentation due to population shifts.

### History of Delimitation in India

- Four Delimitation Exercises: 1952, 1963, 1973, 2002.
- **1976 (42nd Amendment): Froze seat allocation** to promote **family planning** and prevent states with high population growth from gaining more seats.
- 2001 Delimitation: Redrew constituency boundaries but did not change the total number of seats due to opposition from southern states.
- Next delimitation was planned for 2026, but delays in the Census have postponed the process.

#### **Impact of Delimitation on Representation**

- In 1977, each MP represented 10.11 lakh people.
- If this ratio is maintained, Lok Sabha strength could rise to nearly 1,400 based on 2025 population projections.

- Northern states would gain more seats, while southern states might see minimal increases, raising concerns over diminished representation.
- Regional parties fear that population-based delimitation would benefit national parties with strong bases in North India.

**Concerns of Southern States** 

- Tamil Nadu CM M.K. Stalin has called an all-party meeting on March 5 to discuss the issue.
- Southern states argue that their successful population control should not lead to reduced political representation.
- Fear that northern dominance in Parliament could weaken regional political influence.

**Conclusion: A Need for Balanced Representation** 

- Delimitation must balance demographic realities with regional equity.
- Northern states deserve additional seats, but southern states should not be penalized for population control.
- A possible solution is **increasing total seats** rather than reducing representation for any state.
- A balanced approach is essential to maintain political stability and national unity.

MNNN.OK

