

IMD Turns 150

Posted at: 17/01/2025

India Meteorological Department (IMD): Celebrating 150 Years

Context:

On **January 15**, **2025**, the India Meteorological Department (IMD), the nation's primary weather forecasting agency, celebrated its **150th anniversary**. Established in **1875**, IMD has played a critical role in weather forecasting, seismology, and disaster management. Operating under the **Ministry of Earth Sciences**, it is a cornerstone in India's efforts to mitigate the impacts of weather-related events and improve climate resilience.

About IMD

Key Facts

1. Established: 1875

2. Headquarters: New Delhi

3. Nodal Ministry: Ministry of Earth Sciences

4. Mandate:

- Meteorological Observations: Collect weather data across India.
- Forecasting: Provide forecasts for weather-dependent sectors like agriculture, aviation, and shipping.
- Warnings: Issue alerts for severe weather phenomena (e.g., cyclones, heatwaves).
- Statistics: Offer data for national planning and industries.
- Research: Promote studies in meteorology and allied sciences.

Historical Background

- The IMD was founded in response to devastating cyclones in 1864, which struck Kolkata and the Andhra coast, causing significant loss of life and property.
- The absence of a structured atmospheric monitoring system led to its establishment.
- H.F. Blanford, the first Imperial Meteorological Reporter, began its operations.
- Under Gilbert Walker (appointed in 1903), the IMD advanced monsoon predictions and identified large-scale oscillations like El Niño.

IMD's Journey Over 150 Years

Evolution and Milestones

- Began as a small organization with a single head; today, it operates **permanent observatories** and **automated weather stations** nationwide.
- Played a **pivotal role in cyclone forecasting**, especially after the 1999 Odisha super cyclone, leading to reduced casualties.
- Recognized as a Regional Climate Centre for South Asia, providing critical forecasts to 13 neighboring countries.

Technological Advancements (2014-2024)

- Doppler Weather Radars: Increased from 15 to 39.
- Automatic Weather Stations: Expanded to 1,208.
- Rainfall Monitoring Stations: Rose to 6,095.
- Satellite Monitoring: INSAT 3DR and 3DS provide round-the-clock weather updates.
- Forecast Accuracy:
 - Heatwave prediction: Improved to 95% accuracy for two days in advance.
 - Cyclone track prediction: Enhanced by 35-40%, leading to zero loss of human lives in recent events.

Notable Contributions

- Specialized Services:
 - Support for elections, sporting events, and space launches.
 - Early warnings for disasters, reducing human and economic losses.
- Global Collaborations:
 - Contributes to the United Nations' Early Warning for All program, aiding over 30 countries.

IMD's Vision for the Future

Vision Document 2047

The IMD aims to become a **weather manager** and evolve its capabilities by 2047, the **centenary year of India's independence**.

Goals:

- Zero-Error Forecasts: Achieve hyper-localized accuracy (5-6 km resolution) for villagelevel predictions.
- Extended Forecast Accuracy:
 - Five-day forecasts: 90% accuracy.
 - ∘ 10-day forecasts: 70% accuracy.
- Eliminating Weather Fatalities: Minimize deaths from severe weather events within the next 20 years.

Weather Management Initiatives

- Mission Mausam:
 - Inaugurated by PM Modi, focusing on weather modification.
 - Cloud Seeding Research: Through the Cloud Chamber at IITM, Pune.
- Advanced Monitoring:
 - Deployment of UAVs, IoT-based sensors, and regional climate reference stations.
 - Round-the-clock upper atmosphere monitoring with satellites and radars.

Achievements and Impact

Enhanced Accuracy and Coverage

- Cyclone forecasting and disaster management have saved countless lives.
- Improved thunderstorm detection and rainfall prediction have mitigated economic losses.

Global Role and Recognition

- Serves as a model for meteorological services in South Asia.
- Actively participates in international initiatives to address climate change and disaster resilience.

Conclusion

The **150th anniversary** of the India Meteorological Department is a moment to celebrate its legacy and achievements. From its establishment in **1875** to becoming a **global leader in meteorology**, the IMD has consistently safeguarded lives and supported India's growth. As it looks ahead to **Vision 2047**, the IMD is set to redefine weather management, ensuring a **climate-smart and weather-ready India**.

